# Integrating the IQM into a commercial planning system

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#### The Christie

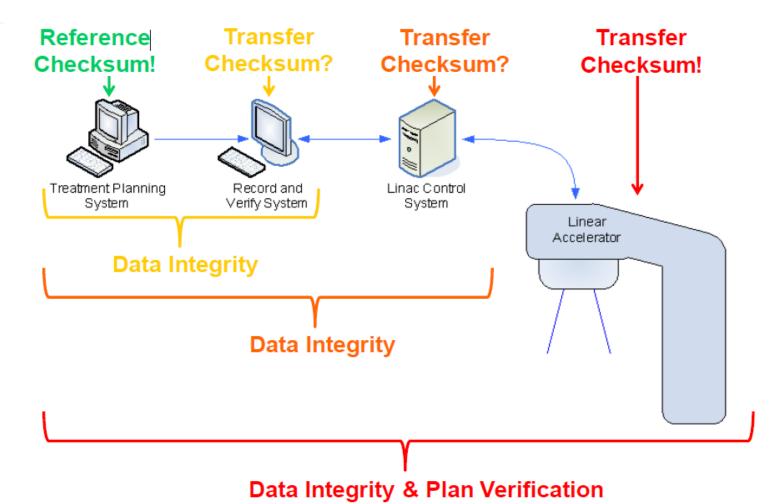


Specialist Cancer
Hospital in Manchester
UK





#### Purpose of IQM







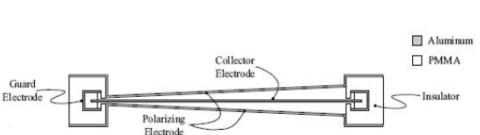


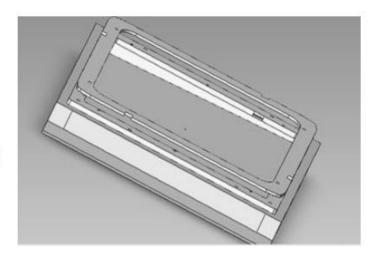


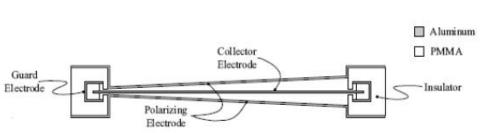
#### IQM design

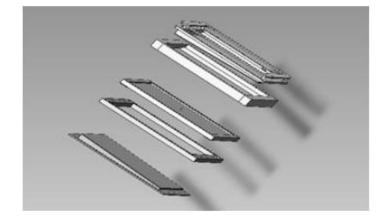
#### Hardware Design (Prototype)

- ✓ Large Area Ion Chamber (550cc)
- ✓ Electrode plates made of 2mm Aluminum
- ✓ Enclosure made of PMMA
- ✓ Sensitive Area: 26cm x 26cm
- ✓ Max. Field Size: 40cm x 40cm
- √ Spatial sensitivity: 0.5%/mm











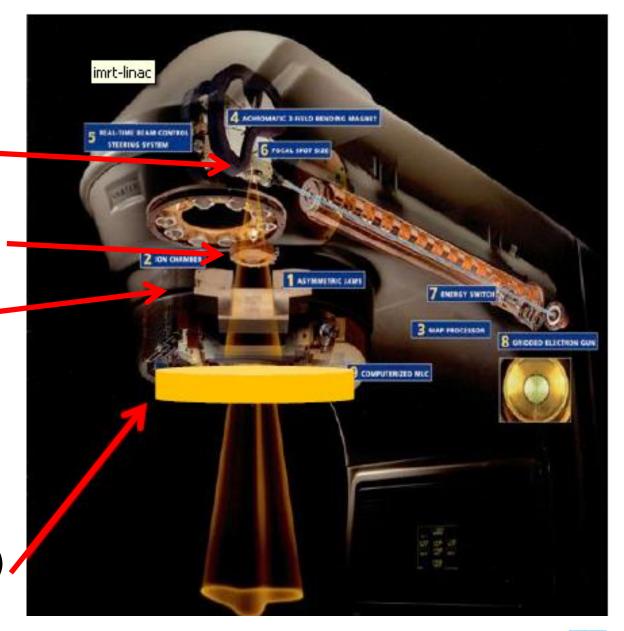


**Target** 

Flattening filter

MLC/Jaws

IQM (4.5mm AI)





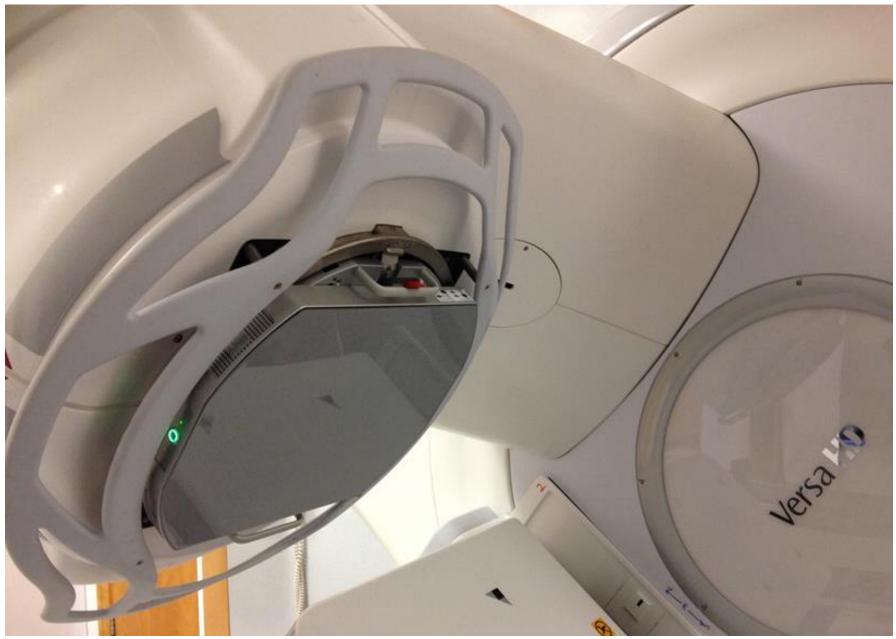


## Integrating the IQM into Pinnacle 9.8

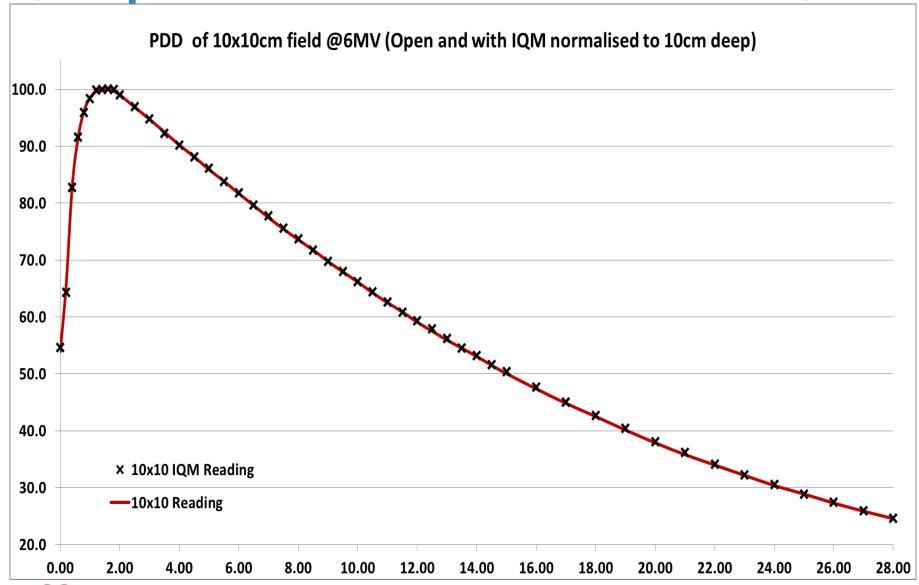
- 1. Comparison of data measured with & without IQM in plotting tank (6,10 &6FFF)
- 2. Evaluation of IQM data against clinical models in Pinnacle 9.8
- 3. Magnitude of adjustments assessed
- 4. Plans delivered to Delta 4 through IQM





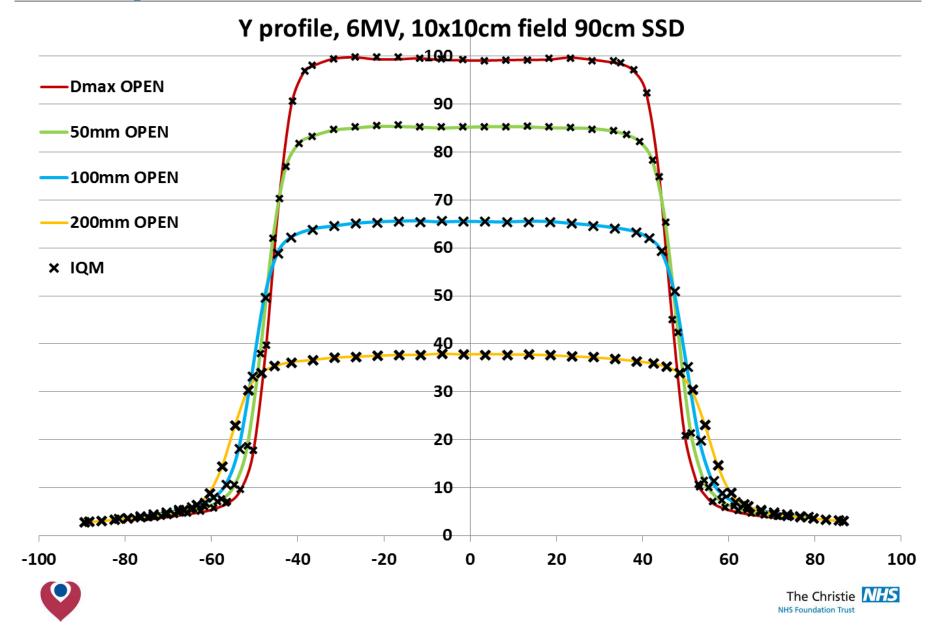


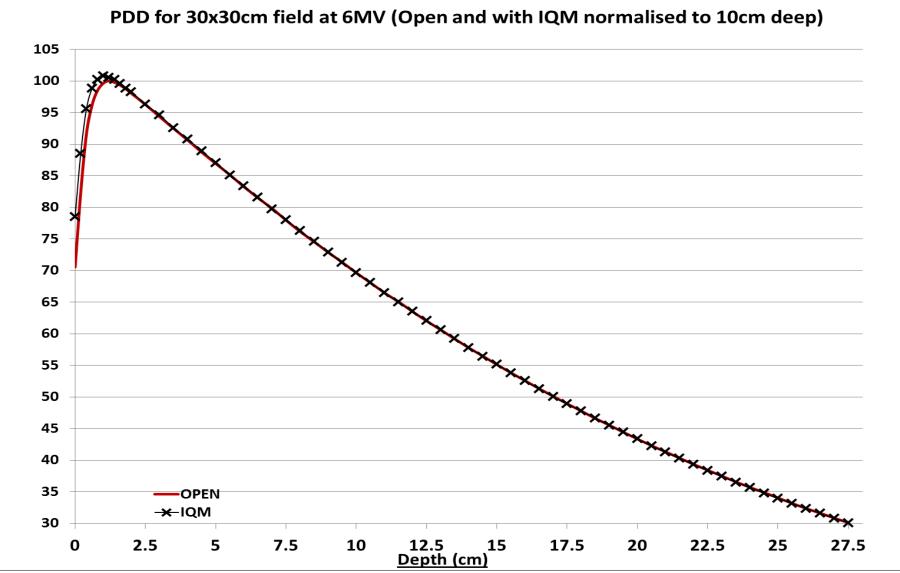








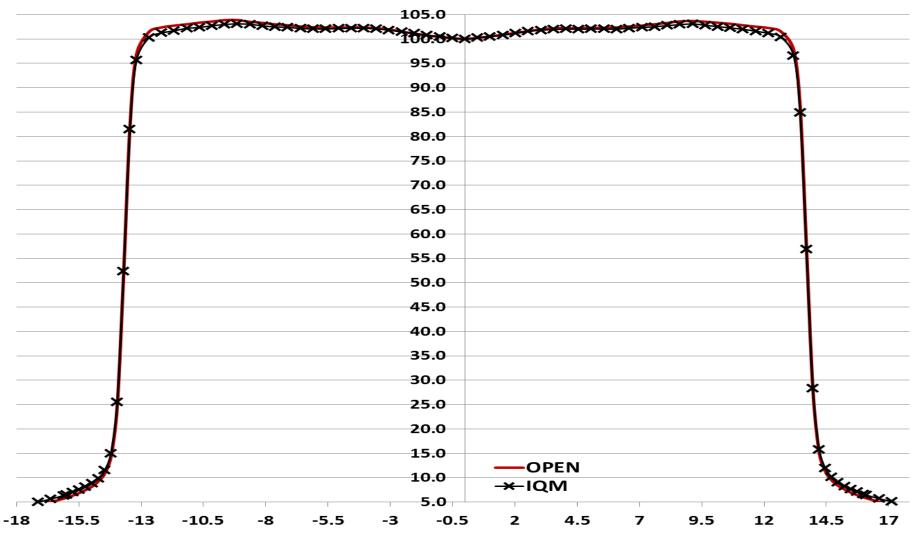








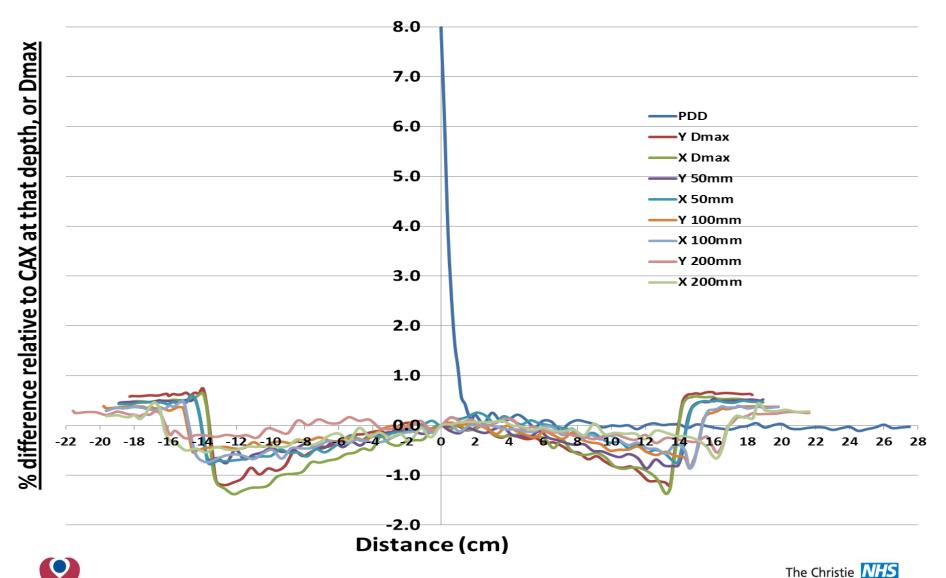
Y-Profile for 30x30cm field @Dmax 6MV



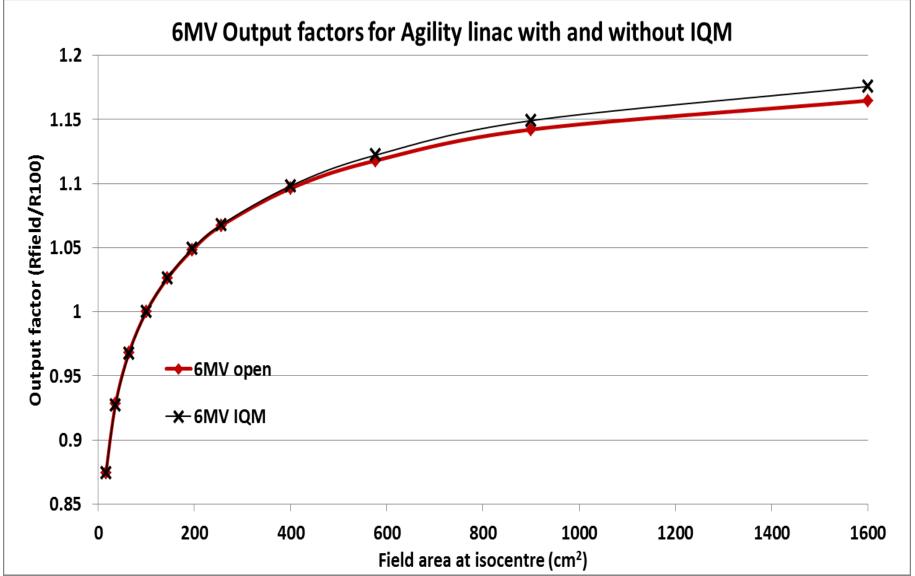




Percentage difference between Open and IQM fields 6MV 30x30cm

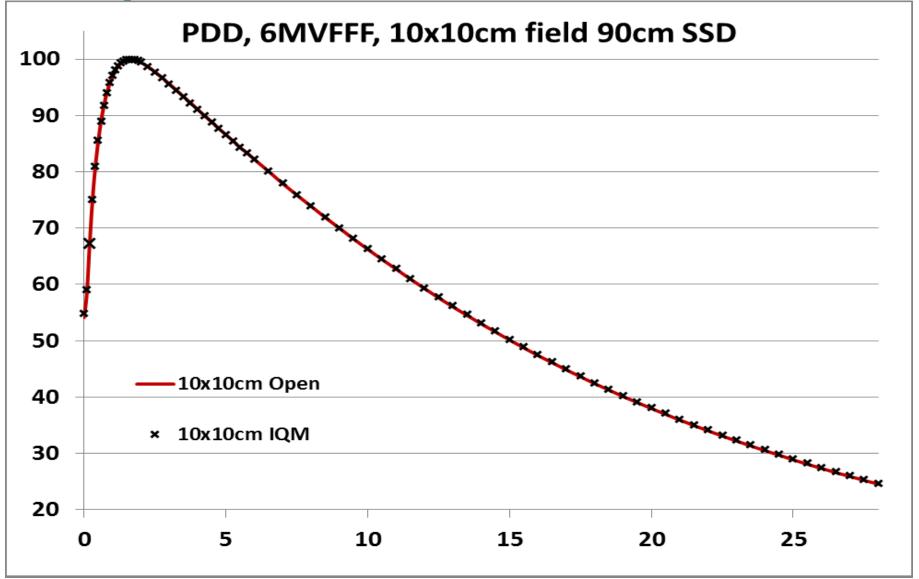


**NHS Foundation Trust** 



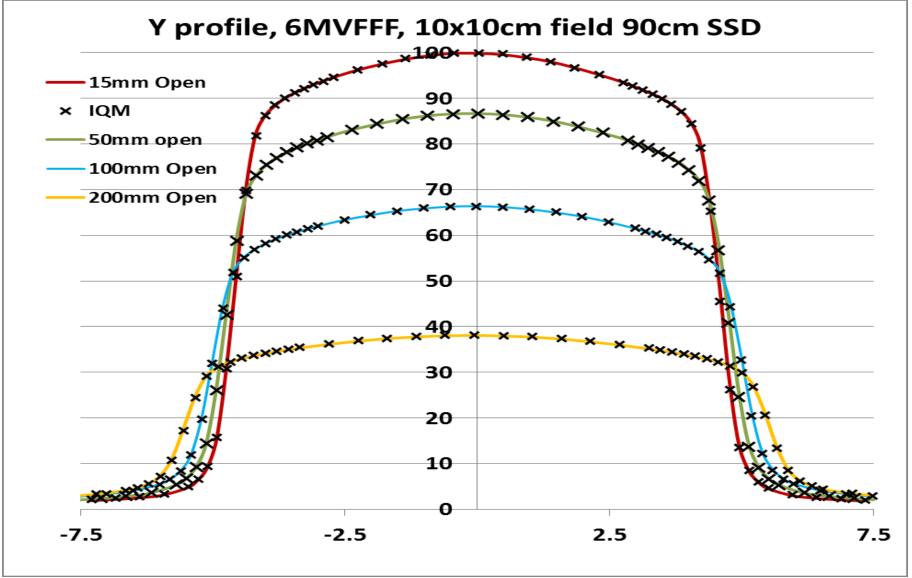






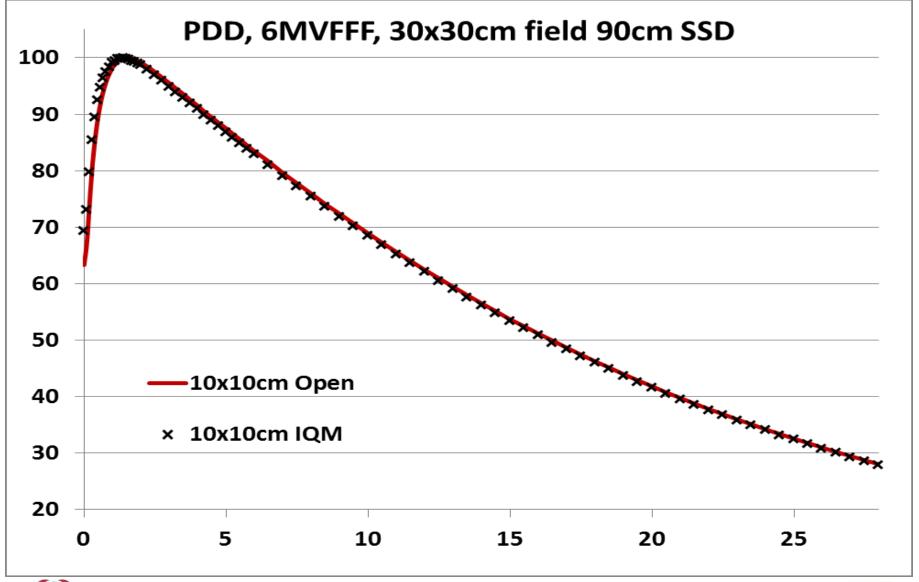






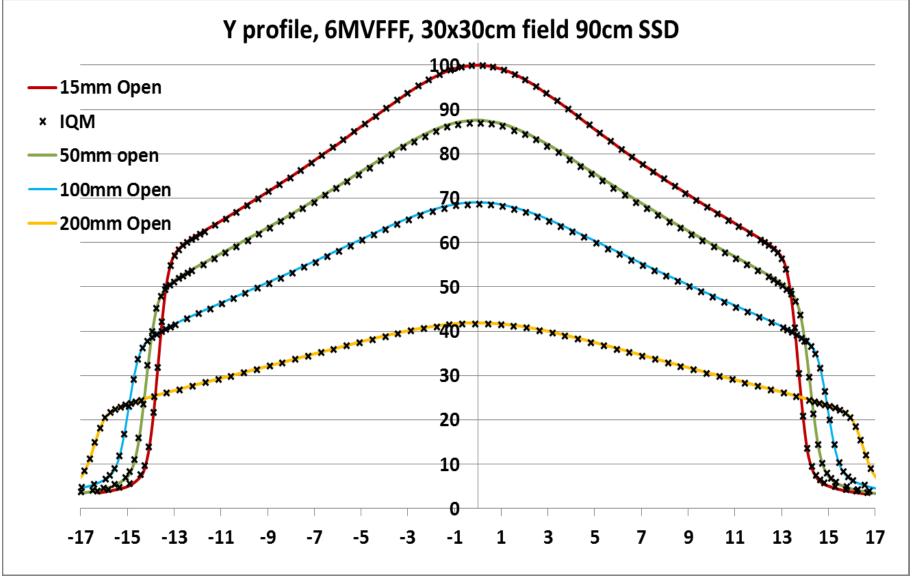






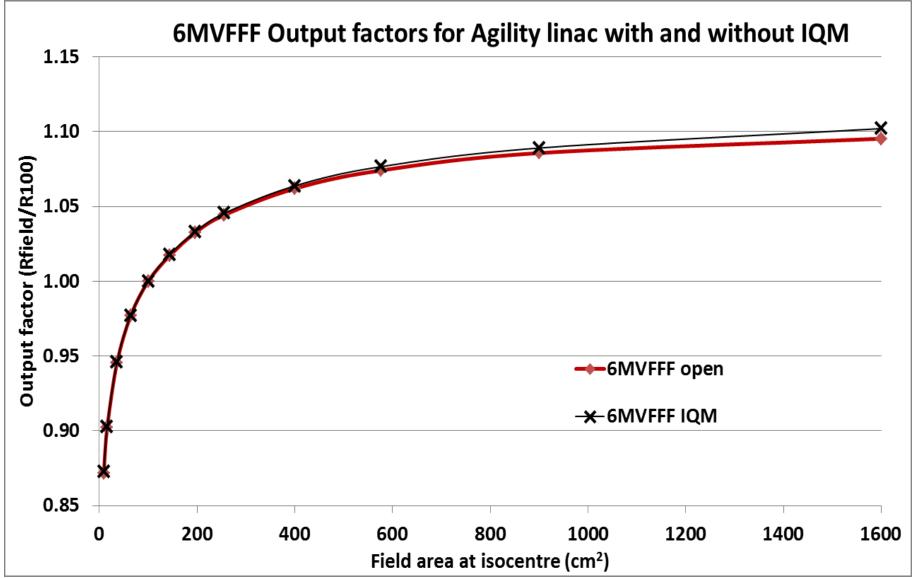






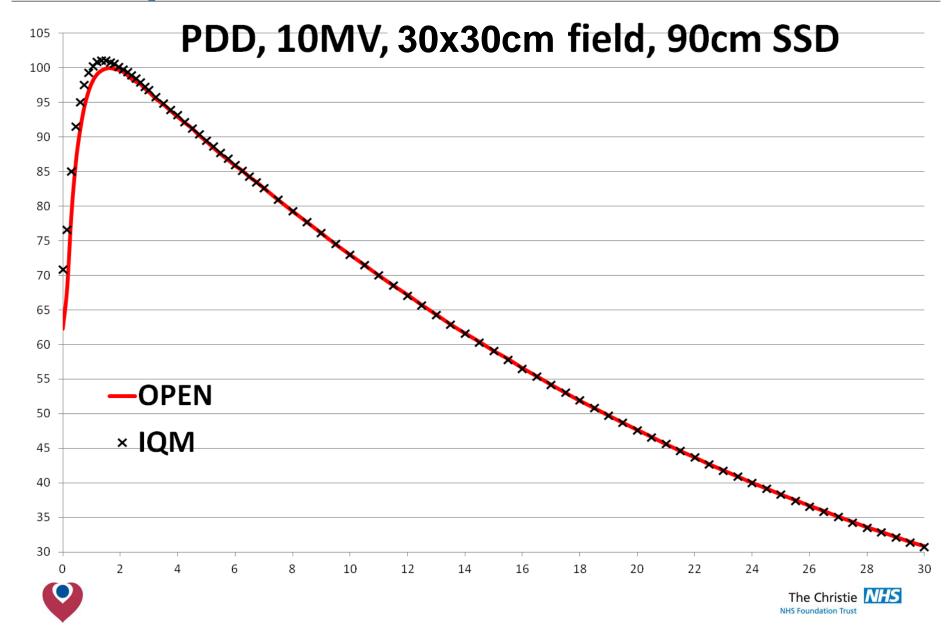












#### **Attenuation effect of IQM**

Energy		Attenuation factor
6MVFFF	$(TPR_{20/10} = 0.683)$	0.946
6MV	$(TPR_{20/10} = 0.686)$	0.946
10MV	$(TPR_{20/10} = 0.733)$	0.959

• Variation of  $\pm 0.3\%$  for fields  $30x30cm^2$  or less.





# Integrating the IQM in into P<sup>3</sup> (Summary 1)

- 1. No significant differences in O/P factors
- 2. Attenuation fixed amount for each energy
- 3. IQM has little effect on PDD beyond Dmax or on profiles <20x20cm
- 4. For 6&10MV modelling at larger radial distances needed review





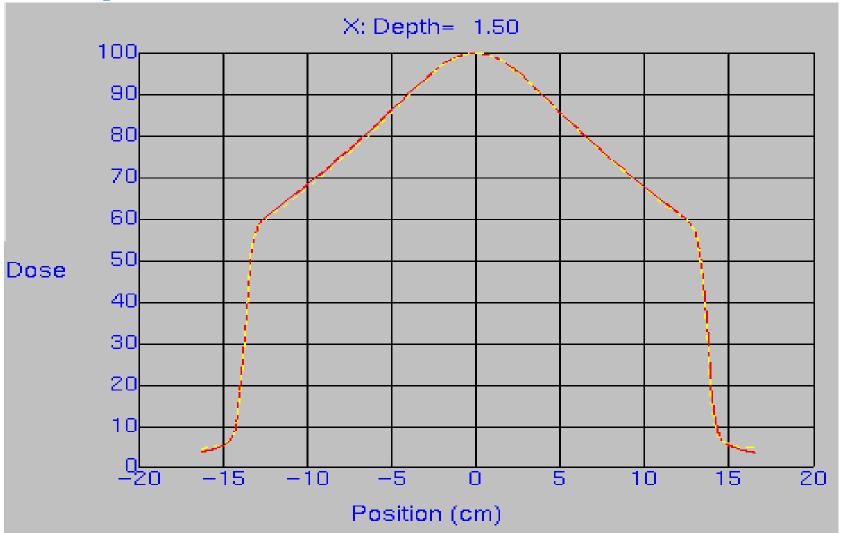
## Integrating the IQM into Pinnacle 9.8

Comparison with existing clinical models





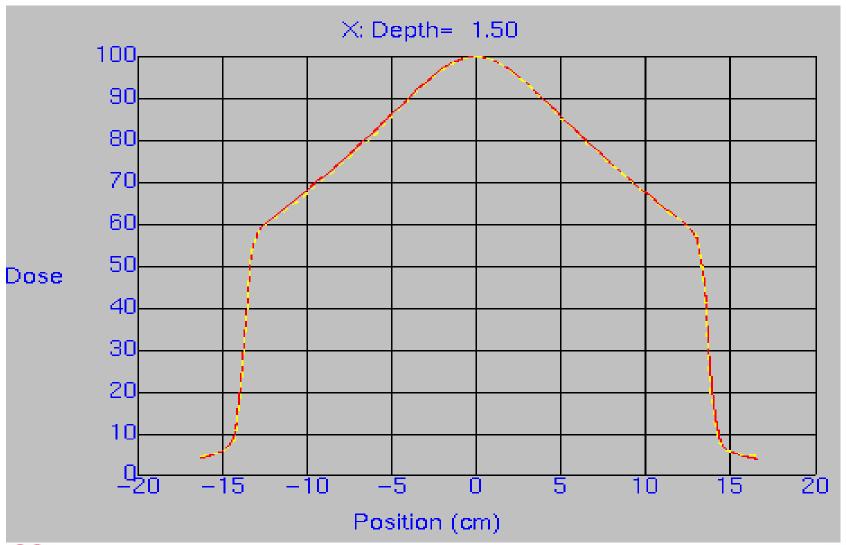
#### Open – Clinical model @6MVFFF







#### IQM – Clinical model @6MVFFF







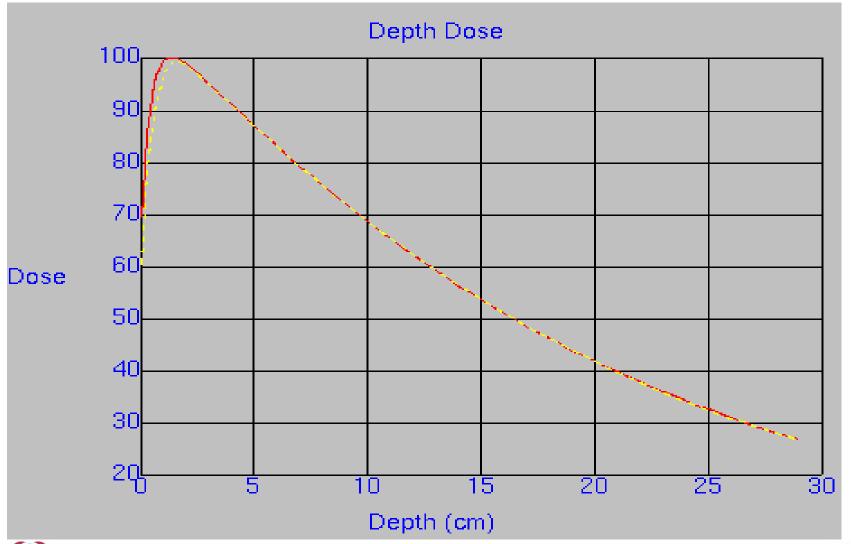
#### Open – Clinical model @6MVFFF







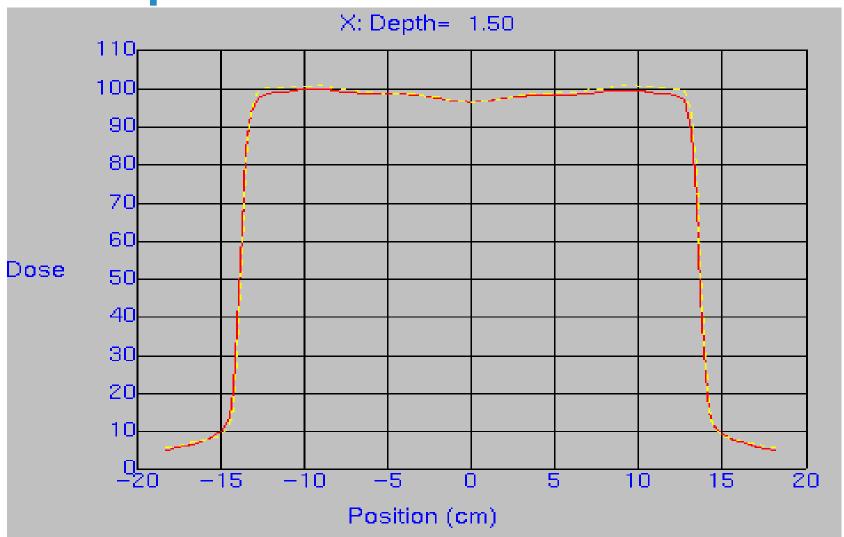
#### IQM – Clinical model @6MVFFF







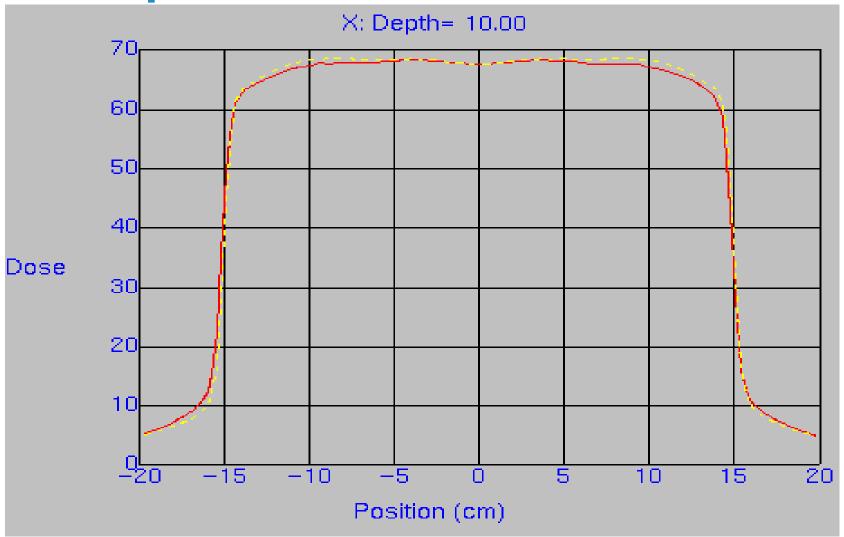
#### Open – Clinical model @6MV





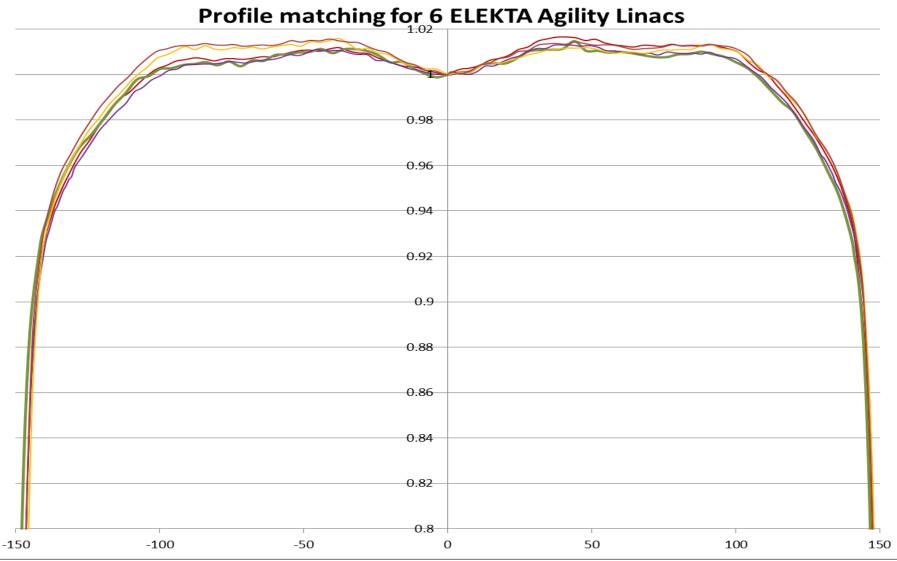


#### Open – Clinical model @6MV





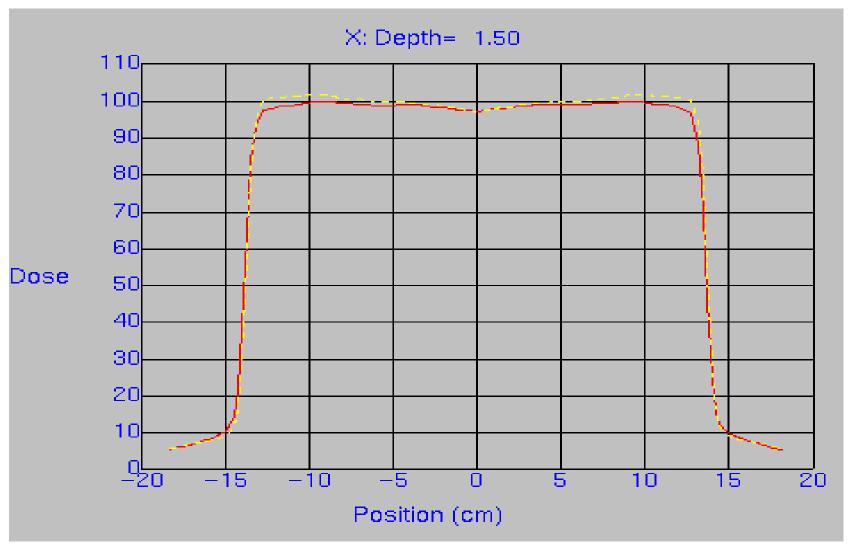








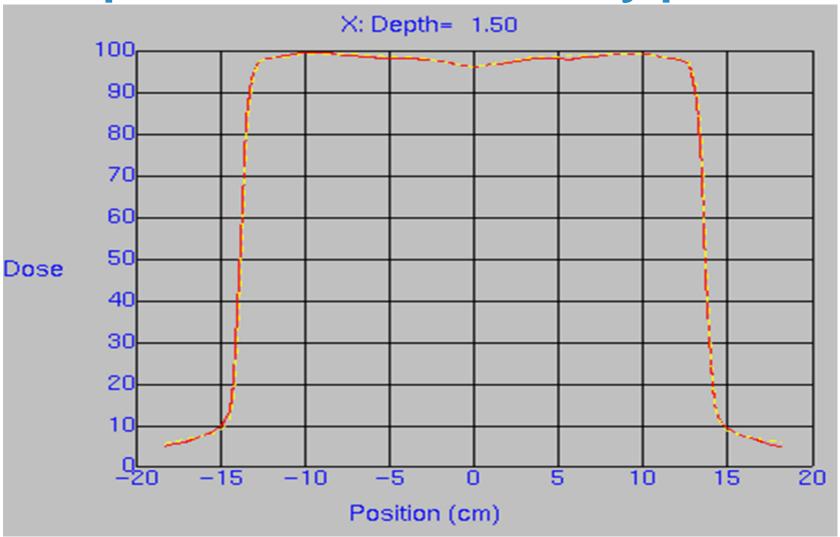
#### IQM – Clinical model @6MV







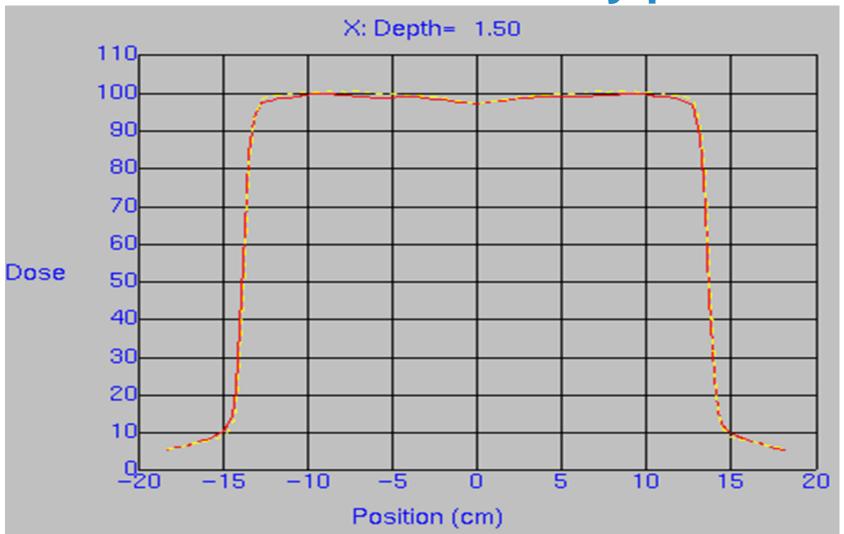
#### **Open - modified Arbitrary profile**







#### IQM - modified Arbitrary profile







### Integrating the IQM into Pinnacle 9.8

Closing the loop- Initial validation





#### **Delta4 Comparison with & Without IQM**

#### 10MV prostate VMAT

	Patient Name	Median dose diff	Global gamma	Local gamma	
			% passing 3%/3mm	% passing 3%/3mm	
OPEN Field	1	-0.9	100	100	
	3	-0.8	100	99.6	
IQM Field	1	-1.5	100	99.3	
	3	-1.3	100	98.7	
Difference (IQM-Open)	1	-0.6	0	-0.7	
	3	-0.5	0	-0.9	
	Mean	-0.55	0	-0.8	





#### **Delta4 Comparison with & Without IQM**

#### **6MV NASOPHARYNX VMAT**

	Patient	Median dose	Global gamma	Global gamma	Local gamma	Local gamma
	Name	diff	% passing 4%/4mm	% passing 3%/3mm	% passing 4%/4mm	% passing 3%/3mm
	1	-1.8	99.7	96	97.4	89.1
	2	-1	99.7	97.5	98.6	94.1
OPEN Field	3	-3.8	84.9	66.8	69.4	49
	4	-1.5	99.7	96.8	98.6	93.1
	5	-1.2	99.5	97	99	92.5
IQM Field	1	-1.5	99.4	96.2	97.6	91.8
	2	-1.1	99.6	97	97.9	93.4
	3	-3.8	84.3	66.3	68.6	49.6
	4	-1.9	99.7	97.1	98.6	92.6
	5	-1.4	99.2	96.4	98.7	92
Difference (IQM- Open)	1	0.3	-0.3	0.2	0.2	2.7
	2	-0.1	-0.1	-0.5	-0.7	-0.7
	3	0	-0.6	-0.5	-0.8	0.6
	4	-0.4	0	0.3	0	-0.5
	5	-0.2	-0.3	-0.6	-0.3	-0.5
	Mean	-0.1	-0.3	-0.2	-0.3	0.3





### Delta4 Comparison with & Without IQM SABR 6MVFFF LUNG

			Global	Local
	Patient	Median dose	gamma	gamma
	Number	diff	% passing	% passing
			3%/3mm	3%/3mm
	Α	-1.4	100	100
Open field	В	-1.5	100	100
	С	-1.7	99.3	99.3
	Α	-1.8	100	100
IQM field	В	-2.1	97.2	96.2
	С	-2	97.8	96.4
	Α	-0.4	0	0
Difference	В	-0.6	-2.8	-3.8
(IQM-Open)	С	-0.3	-1.5	-2.9
	Mean	-0.45	-2.15	-3.35





## Integrating the IQM in into P<sup>3</sup> Conclusions: 1

- The build up region is modified by the presence of the IQM, reducing 'skin sparing'
- 2. Smaller field PDD's & Profiles are not affected by IQM
- 3. Larger fields have shoulders drop, more notably at shallower depths





## Integrating the IQM in into P<sup>3</sup> Conclusions: 2

- Adjustment of arbitrary fluence profile improved agreement – but not observable clinical benefit.
- 5. Clinical models acceptable at 6MV & 10MV
- 6. Simple correction factor to change MU's was all that was required in Pinnacle 9.8





## Integrating the IQM in into P<sup>3</sup> Conclusions: 3

7. Validation of your clinical models necessary when integrating the IQM into your planning system, but modifications are likely to be small.







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